Workshop: Light electric vehicles



workshop agenda

- 14:00 Welcome, warm-up & technical notes
- 14:15 Presentation of XD
- 14:45 Q&A
- 15:00 Discussion in break out groups
- 15:30 break
- 15:35 Discussion in break out groups
- 16:00 Presentation of results in plenary and prospects

XD

France and the big picture



Structure

- Project background
- Project goals
- Concept/ procedure / special features
- Project organisation
- Results to date
- Relevance for Germany
- Vehicle ideas Phase I



Project background





... in rural areas

- Lack of/insufficient infrastructure and mobility offers
- Less pressure to change in sparsely populated areas, e.g. parking issue

... in everyday life (distances up to 50km)

- Safety
- Bad weather conditions
- Lack of secure parking facilities
- Lack of charging infrastructure



Status-Quo



- 70% of journeys are shorter than 10km
- On average, one car is used by 1.2 people
- On average, people travel 39km per day very mobile people travel 46km on average
- 1/3 of trips work or education related (34%)
- 1/3 of trips shoppig and private errands (30%)
- 1/3 leisure trips (28%)
- 8% accompanying journeys
- 1% of car journeys longer than 100km (but equivalent to 25% of car mileage)

Source: MiD 2017

Potential Solution





Les moyens de transports les 🏠 plus insolites









Sign Up | LinkedIn



F&O Fabforgottennobility



Vhélio - Le véhicule de demain

















Nimbus EV, le trois-roues électrique avec iusqu'à 191...



goulême, une start-up met les watts sur le véhicul...



LOOK OUT





Studies show...



- The European LEV market is relatively small
- LEVs from large manufacturers often remain in the pilot or concept phase (VW Nils, Audi Urban Concept, Canyon Urban Mobility Concept, etc.)
- Many of the LEVs for sale are manufactured by start-ups or SMEs
- China offers a larger and in many respects a more cost-effective LEV range. However, it does not meet our environmental and sustainability requirements.
- Overall, there is a lack of knowledge about the widespread use of LEVs in traffic and user experience.



Expected benefits of LEVs



- Space efficient
- Energy efficient (also compared with BEVs)
- Better air quality
- Low noise
- CO2-reduction
- Better quality of life (especially in urban areas)
- Potentially more cost-efficient
- Lower speed



Expected disadvantages of LEVs



- Shift from sustainable transport modes to LEV (especially in cities)
- Insufficient safety of the vehicles and passengers respectively
- Obstruction of the traffic flow
- Lack of awareness among consumers and possible reservations about new vehicles



Challenges



- Currently, the prices of LEVs are still relatively high (e.g. Microlino from 14,900.00€)
- Overall low supply in Europe
- Relatively unknown mode of transport
- Road safety (no crash test required in vehicle classes L1e-L7e)
- High speeds and lack of infrastructure



- In **Europe** the supply in this vehicle segment has so far been
 - Very small
 - Relatively expensive
- There is already a relatively extensive range in China
 - Quality often does not meet our (environmental) requirements
 - Very cheap
 - Vehicles will conquer the European market if there are no local alternatives available
- Due to the e-bike boom, many required components are already available and ready for use.









Project idea and aims

« Extreme Challenge » 1000 times better



10 x cheaper

Car cost 0,6-0,8 €/km every 1000 km/pa 10 x durable

Indefinitely recyclable

10 x lighter

1240kg average mass of cars sold in 2019

10 x simpler

Standardised components

10 x less powerful

E-bike: 0,25 kW Citroën 2CV: 22kW BMWi3: 125kW

TeslaX: 750kW

1 x fast

Speed maximum 25-80km/h







clean

recycable

cheap

light

efficient

Long-lasting

Repair-friendly

durable

Requirements for the vehicles

For daily life

1-3 persons

Daily errands

100 kg load





Aim 2: New manufacturing processes

Decentralised manufacturing

Exchangeable batteries

Easy maintenance

Adaptation to local needs

Decentralised further development

Aim 3: Joint development

All results = open source

Intensive exchange in forums

network +2000

Holistic project idea



Developing vehicles in Europe beyond the large corporations

Focus on societal and ecological benefit and applicability



Decentralised manufacturing and development

Create French/European network of interested actors

Using available knowledge and make it usable

Focus on rural areas



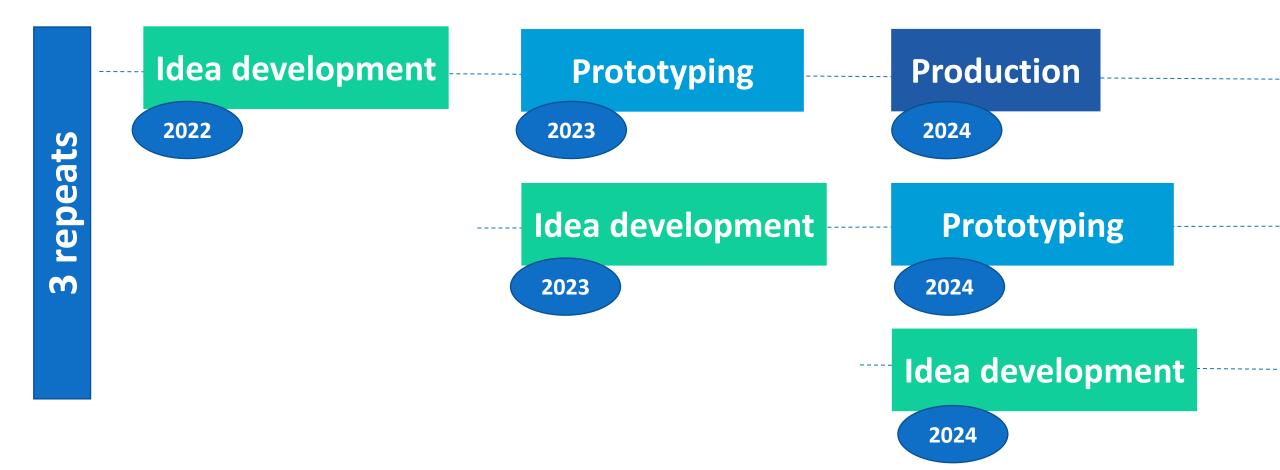
Project structure and procedure



Project structure



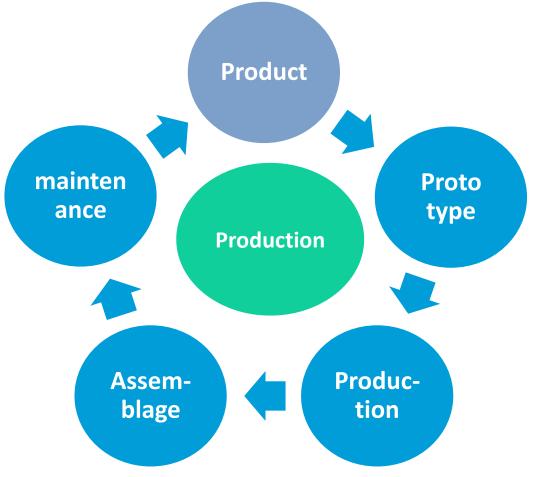
3 Phases



Product cycles for continuous improvement







Feedback fom users

Feedback from producers





- 1. candidates, working in teams on vehicle development
- Companions, who support candidates with professional expertise
- 3. Partners, are for example companies, ministries, associations, insurances that support XD in various ways
- 4. Witnesses, who follow the project and report about it
- 5. Pioneers, who test the newly developed vehicles

Join anytime



Not all players have to participate in all phases OR can always join in



Test regions



Properties

- Municipalities from rural and suburban areas
- Less than 20,000 inhabitants
- Strong car dependence
- Close to a highway
- Clear commitment to sustainable development

Tasks

- Search for local pioneers (individuals, families, etc.)
- Communication around the project
- Create conditions for testing (e.g., speed limits, parking restrictions, etc.)
- Pre-test with existing vehicles (e.g. Citroën Ami)



Project organisation







Project initiated and organized by the subordinate authority for ecological transition in France: ADEME

- 80% position distributed among several people
- Communication through subcontract
- Reserach on project contracted by ADEME (~300.000€)
- 1. Project phase: each team receives a maximum of 70% of the costs and up to 10.000€.
- 2. Project phase: each prototype is supported by 50% up to a maximum of 40.000€.
- 3. Project phase: piloting is financially supported partners from the industry are currently being sought for this purpose.



First results



What is happening – in figures



- Teams of candidates (min. 3 pers.) from all over France
- 38 Experimental spaces in small municipalities
- **20+** Conferences, webinars and exchange opportunities
- Interdisciplinary working groups on common topics (battery, market, etc.)
- Conferences offering a chance to exchange, share and collaborate





Technical solutions are based on social and everyday challenges as well as economic considerations.

Answer the following 6 questions by 21.10.2022:

- 1 Description of the challenges to be solved with a strong orientation towards users and local conditions
- 2 (technical) vehicle description
- 3 Description of the business case
- 4 Description of the key players and practical areas of application
- 5 Description of energy use (components/ procurement/ reusability etc.)
- 6 Description of the project implementation and anticipated hurdles



Prize for the 3 best/most promising concepts were awarded + prize from insurance for 1 concept



How it proceeds – Phase 2



- Further finalize ideas/plans and build prototypes
- Work out commonalities of developed projects (especially of components)
- Exchange between projects
- Check whether components and/or vehicles can be labelled
- Serach for international partners to promote/initiate XD abroad



Relevance for Germany



Relevance for Germany



- Similar challenges in rural and suburban areas
- Large automotive suppliers
- Existing tinkering scene
- Testing a new approach and project design
- Harnessing citizen knowledge and creating a network regarding LEVs
- Create a forum for a new constellation of actors
- Become part of a European network/ endeavor
- Potentially strengthen a new mode of production
- European response to Chinese developments

Innovative aspects of XD



Cooperative innovation

Uniform components from catalog

Flexible project design

Linking technical and social solutions

Publicly funded tinkering



Swarm knowledge

Decentralized approach (manufacturing/produc tion/development)

Actor constellation

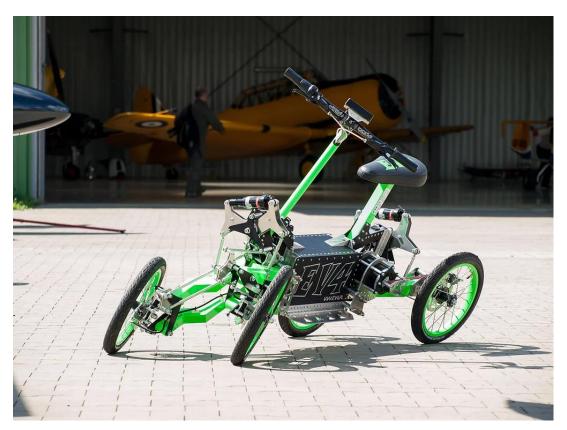
Open target formulation

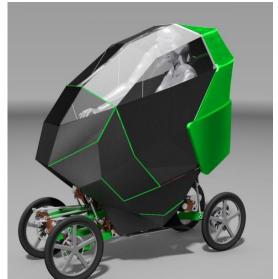
Fundamentally international



First concrete vehicle concepts







Team:
Tinkerers in the fields of economics & electrical engineering

EV 4 L6e - Cabrio -ultralight – 1 Pers.





Scaramobile L6e/L7e – Solar/ aluminum body - 3 pers. + 1 child





Team: (Automotive) designer





L'Adéquate L7e – Tube frame + aluminium body– 2 Pers. + load







Team:
Doctoral students
(STEM) and
entrepreneurs

E-nvy One L7e – Tubular frame/ UHMP - adaptable to users







Team:
Association "Vélo solaire pour tous"

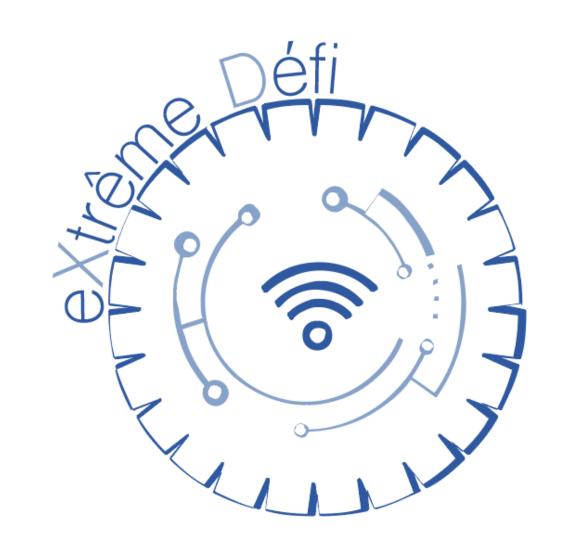
Vhélico

Vhélio L5e – solar panel, battery, pedal - self-construction

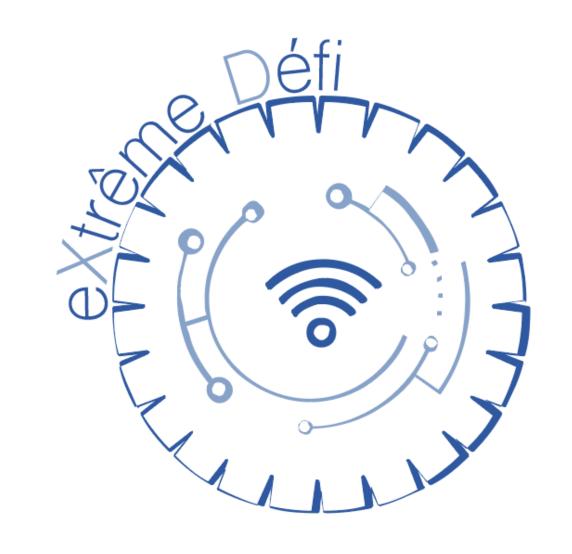


Thank you for listening

Questions and answers



Discussion in 2 groups





Contacts



ADEME:

Gabriel Plassat - Gabriel.Plassat@ademe.fr

Hamza El Jebbari - hamza.eljebbari@ademe.fr

German Environment Agency:

Claudia Kiso – <u>Claudia.Kiso@uba.de</u>

XD online:

Extrême Défi (ademe.fr)

<u>Communauté de l'eXtrême Défi — Communauté de la Fabrique des Mobilités (lafabrique des mobilites.fr)</u>